



CAD/PAD Technical Warrant Holder Update

14 August 2024

Prepared by:

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CAD/PAD TECHNICAL WARRANT HOLDER NAVSEA 05E4

Version 1



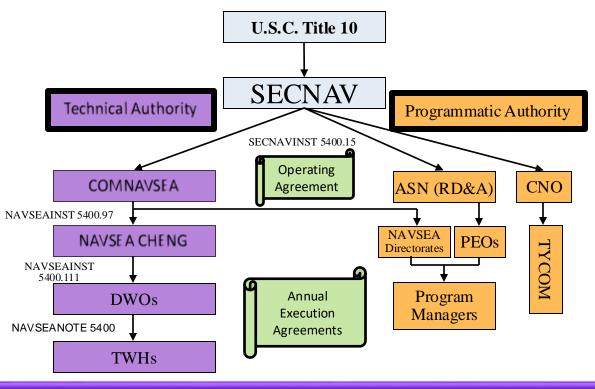
Agenda

- Origin of Technical Authority
- What is Technical Authority
- Technical Authority's Scope
- NAVSEA Types of Authority
- CAD/PAD Technical Warrant Holder
- Backup





Origin of Technical Authority



Inherently governmental chains of command Independent and collaborative to enable the warfighter



US Navy Technical Authority



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

NAVAL AIR SYSTEMS COMMAND, PATUXENT RIVER, MD 20670-1547

NAVAL SEA SYSTEMS COMMAND, WASHINGTON NAVY YARD, DC 20376-4065

NAVAL SUPPLY SYSTEMS COMMAND, MECHANICSBURG, PA

NAVAL FACILITIES ENGINEERING COMMEAND, WASHINGTON NAVY YARD, DC 20374-5065

SPACE AND NAVAL WARFARE SYSTEMS COMMAND, SAN DIEGO, CA 92110-3127

IN REPLY REFER TO

SPAWARINST 5400.1A

SPW 05A

31 Oct 2006

NAVFACINST 5400.10

FAC CI 7 Nov 2006 SUP 31

12 Dec 2006

NAVSUPINST 5400.15

NAVSEAINST 5400.97C

Ser TAB/018 27 Nov 2006 NAVAIRINST 5400.158A

AIR-4.1

31 Jan 2007

VIRTUAL SYSCOM JOINT INSTRUCTION - VS-JI-22A

From: Commander, Naval Air Systems Command

Commander, Naval Sea Systems Command

Commander, Naval Supply Systems Command

Commander, Naval Facilities Engineering Command Commander, Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command

Subj: VIRTUAL SYSCOM ENGINEERING AND TECHNICAL AUTHORITY POLICY



What is Technical Authority?

The authority, responsibility, and accountability to establish, monitor, and approve technical standards, tools, and processes in conformance to higher authority policy, requirements, architectures and standards.

Is independent of programmatic authority

Provides adequate <u>checks and balances</u> to ensure safety, reliability, interoperability, and accuracy of costs

<u>Supports</u> PMs and the Fleet, providing best value engineering and technical products

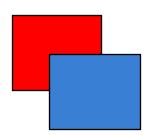
Provides technically feasible options to PMs



Technical Authority's Scope

- Oversight of core processes
- Work toward most efficient infrastructure to support systems and operations
- Establish standard policies, technical specifications, and processes
- Introduce advanced technology and lessons learned
- Provide trained and qualified personnel

Technical Authority is independent of organizational boundaries and is accountable for managing risks across SYSCOMs

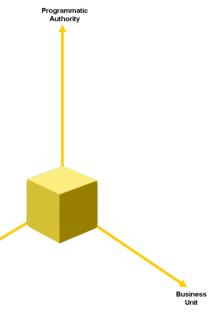




NAVSEA Types of Authority

- Business Unit (BU): organizations that have line management responsibility for people, facilities, and operations
- Programmatic Authority (PA): manages all aspects of assigned programs from concept to disposal, including oversight of cost, schedule, and performance, and direction of life cycle management. Programmatic authority is exercised by PMs; the Commander, Navy Installations Command (CNIC); and by the Fleet, depending on funding and program assignments
- Technical Authority (TA): the authority, responsibility, and accountability to establish, monitor, and approve technical standards, tools, and processes in conformance with higher-authority policy, requirements, architectures, and standards
- Certification Authority (CA): the authority to certify that products meet established standards. Specific certification authority is defined or recognized by the technical process documentation established by the cognizant TA

Note: Technical authorities, programmatic authorities, and others may be certification authorities, depending on what the specific technical process documentation defines





CAD/PAD Technical Warrant Holder

- Current TWH: John Burchett (30 April 2017)
- Warranting Letter 22 November 2019
- Experience in CAD/PAD in aircraft, weapons, and other systems across all services
- Joined CAD/PAD in 1984
- MSc Explosive Ordnance Engineering
- BS Mechanical Engineering
- DAWIA Level III Engineering













- Current CAD/PAD Deputy TWH: Anthony Quebral (1 May 2023)
- Experience in wide variety of weapon systems
- Joined CAD/PAD in 1988
- BS Mechanical Engineering



CAD/PAD TWH – At a glance

Completed/Current Initiatives

- Worked with NAVSEA to hire a deputy CAD/PAD TWH
- Worked with Indian Head, NOSSA, and others to update key processes, instructions, specs, and standards and train new employees
- Participated in SETR events (PDRs, CDRs, Design Certification Reviews) both on new components and for new weapons systems
- Worked with NAVSEA systems engineering community to update policy and guidance regarding Environment, safety, and occupation Health Risk Assessment and the review of hazards utilizing the new Senior Risk Review Board
- Worked with NAVSEA (05H/05W) Weapons TWHs to review/approve NAVSEA eHARs by utilizing Indian Head and other TWH representatives (PFS, ISEA) to evaluate safety and reliability issues
- Worked with NATO partners to develop a guidance document on qualification of CAD/PAD (JOT-30 /AAS3P-30
- Worked with NAVSEA and Indian Head to address backlog in over age specifications

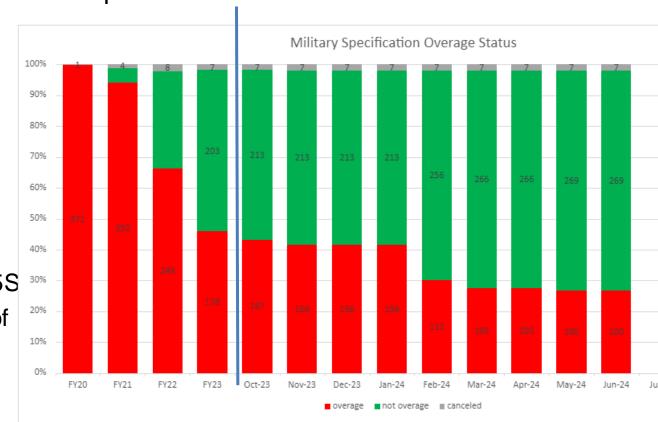


CAD/PAD MIL Specs – At a glance

- Each service has a Standardization Manager
- NAVSEA is USN manager of over 80,000 documents
- NAVSEA assigns "ownership" of those documents and requires their 340 TWHs to keep them current.

 CAD/PAD TWH owns 370 specs

Thanks to
 CAD/PAD and NAVSEA 05S
 05S for reducing number of
 Overage specs





CAD/PAD TWH – At a glance

Ongoing/Future Initiatives

- Continue work with NAVSEA and Indian Head to address backlog in over age specifications (Shift from item specs to general specs)
- Work with NAVSEA (05H/05W) Weapons TWHs and WSESRB/NOSSA to publish a new standard on qualification/certification of rocket motors, missiles, and other weapon systems
- Work with stakeholders to better communicate qualification and certification of CAD/PAD and other energetic components for new weapon systems
- Work with stakeholders to define and update key processes (i.e. SETR) regarding CAD/PAD
- Team with Indian Head and industry to encourage new technologies and obsolescence replacements
- Work with other TWH and SMEs to establish workforce CAD/PAD technical training
- Work with other TWH and related programs to establish better engagement with CAD/PAD
- Assist in transition to MBSE and MBPS tools
- Establish mentoring opportunities and strengthen technical pyramid



CAD/PAD TWH – Summary

- Look for....
 - Changes in specs and standards to streamline requirements, reduce costs, and provide a clearer and more consistent understanding of technical requirements
 - Streamlining of /Qualification/Certification Processes across CAD/PAD community
 - Better definition and understanding of Systems Engineering Technical Reviews (SETR) and other engineering processes
 - Better use of engineering artifacts (Objective Quality Evidence, OQE)
 - More engagement with new and evolving systems
 - Better assessments of risk

Thank you in advance for your help and suggestions. This is an impossible job without your contributions.



Questions?



BACKUP



Certification Authority

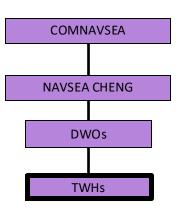
- Certification Authority (CA) is the authority to certify that products meet established standards
- Specific certification authority is defined or recognized by the technical process documentation established by the cognizant TA
- Technical authorities, programmatic authorities, and others may be certification authorities, depending on what the specific technical process documentation defines
- Warfare systems, combat systems, and element certifications formally confirm meeting a standard and/or specification

NAVSEAINST 5400.97



Technical Warrant Holder Responsibilities *

- 1. Set Technical Standards
- Maintain Technical Area Expertise
- 3. Ensure Safe and Reliable Operations
- 4. Ensure Effective and Efficient Systems Engineering
- Provide Judgement in Making Unbiased Technical Decisions
- Steward Engineering and Technical Capabilities
- Maintain Accountability and Technical Integrity



TWHs lead technical efforts throughout DON in their Warranted Technical Areas

* As defined by Virtual SYSCOM Joint Instruction VS-JI-22A



NAVSEA ETAM

- Implements:
 - NAVSEAINST 5400.97 Virtual SYSCOM Engineering and Technical Authority Policy
 - NAVSEAINST 5400.111 NAVSEA Engineering and Technical Authority Policy
- Provides NAVSEA CHENG's direction and guidance to the NAVSEA engineering community
- Serves as a training tool and reference document for engineers, technical authorities, and those dependent on TA

S9800-AB-MAN-010

NAVSEA Engineering and Technical Authority Manual (ETAM)



DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE;

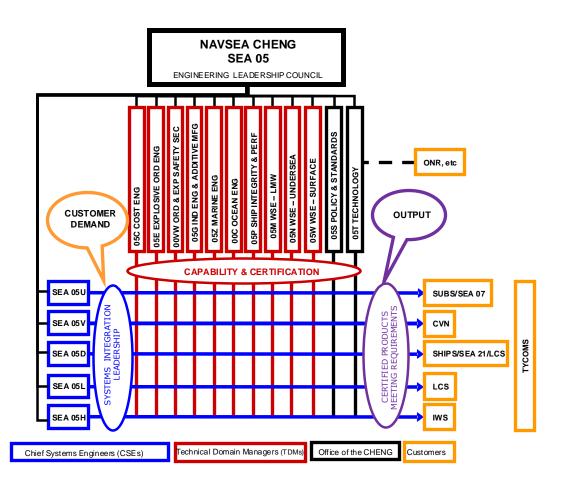
PUBLISHED BY DIRECTION OF COMMANDER, NAVAL SEA SYSTEMS COMMAND

03 JUNE 2011

Located on iNAVSEA in Technical Authority Library



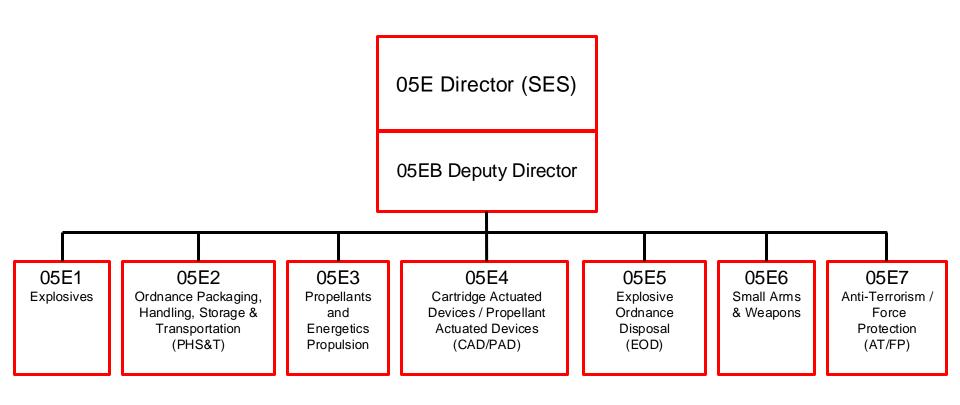
TDMs and CSEs within NAVSEA



Legend:

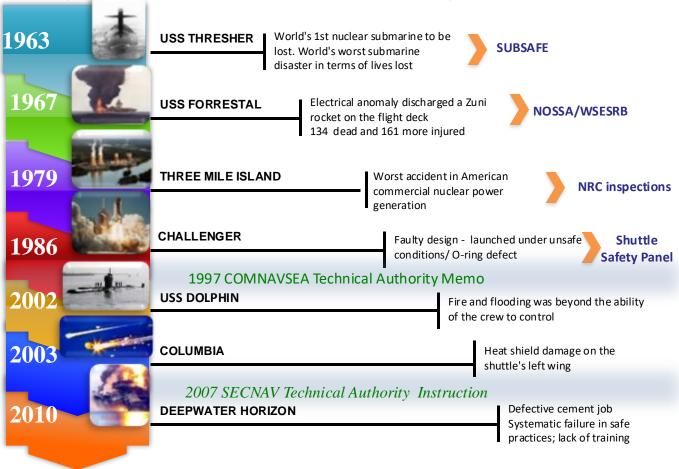


NAVSEA 05E





Why is Technical Authority Important?





Roles and Responsibilities of DWOs

Chief Systems Engineers (CSEs)

Generate and coordinate
Annual Execution Agreements
(AEAs)

Provide input and review of technical standards

Co-Chair Systems Engineering
Technical Reviews (SETRs)
and ensure proper technical
support
by SDMs/SIMs and cross
program TWHs

Lead program test, evaluation, certification, and ensure specialty engineering analyses are accomplished

CSEs and TDMs

Endorse
Warranted Technical
Area definitions

Approve
Engineering Agent
Responsibilities
Documents (EARDs)

Implement technical authority policies and oversee execution of technical authority.

Engage in risk assessments

Technical Domain Managers (TDMs)

Develop and maintain polices, standards and processes within their technical domain

Identify investments required to mitigate technical authority risks

Provide independent technical authority support for SETRs under the coordination of the CSEs

Define technical authority Science and Technology needs

Red and Blue boxes have equivalent authority



Technical Requirements

- CAD/PAD unique (MIL SPEC) requirements help support all of the above requirements
- Tailoring with upper level requirements is commonly done and brings commons sense to qualification * process

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MIL-D-23615, Design and Evaluation of Cartridge Actuated Devices
MIL-D-21625, Design and Evaluation of Cartridges for Cartridge Actuated Devices
MIL-C-83124, Cartridge Actuated Devices/Propellant Actuated Devices, General Specification For
MIL-C-83125, Cartridge for Cartridge Actuated/Propellant Actuated Devices, General Specification For
MIL-C-83126, Propulsion Systems, Aircrew Escape, Design Specification For
MIL-DTL-23659, Initiator, Electric, General Design Specification
MIL-D-81980, Design and Evaluation of Signal Transmission Subsystem, General Specification For
MIL-D-81514B, Devices restraint Harness take-up, Inertia-Locking, powers-Retracting, General Specification
MIL-D-81303, Design and Evaluation of Cartridges for Store Suspension Equipment
MIL-C-85254, Linear Shaped Charge
MIL-STD-1512, Electroexplosive Subsystem, Electrically Initiated, Design Requirements and Test Methods
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 Use of these specs to evaluate a CAD/PAD supports qualification and/or certification of this component for its intended application. Use in any other application is not approved and must be independently evaluated prior to certification

^{*} Qualification required by NAVSEA INST 8020.5D